## Exercise 1.4 Stoichiometry Basics

1. When propane $\left(\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8}(\mathrm{~g})\right)$ is combusted (reacted with $\left.\mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$, the products are water vapour and carbon dioxide.
(a) What mass of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ is required to fully react with 25 g of propane?
(b) What mass of water vapour is produced from the combustion of 25 g of propane?
(c) What mass of carbon dioxide is produced from the combustion of 25 g of propane?
(d) Verify that your answers to parts (a), (b) and (c) are consistent with the Law of Conservation of Mass.
2. When iron ( Fe ) rusts (reacts with $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ ), the product is iron(III) oxide $\left(\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$.

If 25 g Fe is reacted with $25 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ in a sealed container, what are the masses of $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{O}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ in the container after the reaction is complete?

