## Exercise 9.2 Intermolecular Forces

- 1. Consider the following chemical systems:
- (a) dilute aqueous NaNO<sub>3</sub> (sodium nitrate in water)
- (b) liquid Cl<sub>2</sub> (elemental chlorine)
- (c) I<sub>2</sub> dissolved in CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH (iodine dissolved in ethanol, called *tincture of iodine* for medical disinfection.)

Complete the table below by:

- Listing the different kinds of intermolecular forces (IMFs) as headings in the top (shaded) row (as many as needed for systems (a) to (c) ).
- Indicating which IMFs are relevant to each system by putting a checkmark in the appropriate boxes next to the chemical system.
- Circling the checkmark for the dominant (strongest) IMF for each chemical system.
- In <u>one</u> sentence, explaining <u>why</u> that is the strongest IMF for the system.

System	IMF:						
NaNO <sub>3</sub> (aq)							
Rationale							
$\operatorname{Cl}_2(l)$							
Rationale:							
I <sub>2</sub> in EtOH							
Rationale:							