Exercise 7.4 Standard Free Energies and Equilibrium Constants

1. In Exercise 7.3, you calculated the standard free energy change for the following reaction:

$$CS_{2(g)} + 4 H_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons CH_{4(g)} + 2 H_2S_{(g)}$$

Calculate the equilibrium constant for this reaction at 25 °C.

2. The equilibrium constant for the following reaction is 1.8×10^{-5} at 25 °C.

$$CH_{3}CO_{2}H_{(aq)} \, \rightleftharpoons \, CH_{3}CO_{2(aq)}^{-} \, + \, H_{(aq)}^{+}$$

(a) Calculate the standard free energy change for this reaction.

(b) Given that the standard free energy of formation for acetic acid $(CH_3CO_2H_{(aq)})$ is $-396.46 \frac{kJ}{mol}$, calculate the standard free energy of formation for the acetate anion $(CH_3CO_{2(aq)}^{-})$.

3.	The gas phase reaction of HCl with oxygen gives water vapour and chlorine. Calculate the equilibrium constant for this reaction at 25 °C.
4.	When aqueous ammonia reacts with water, ammonium and hydroxide ions are produced. Calculate the equilibrium constant for this reaction at 25 °C.
	(Yes, you could just look up the number. Don't do that! ②)