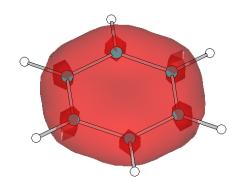
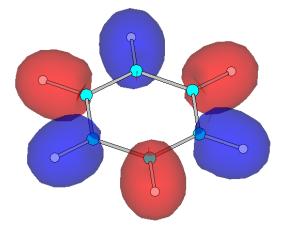


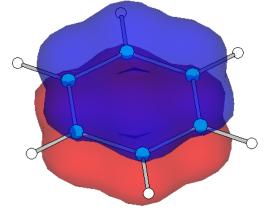
Topic #1: Bonding – What Holds Atoms Together? Fall 2020

Dr. Susan Findlay

See Exercises 3.1 and 3.2



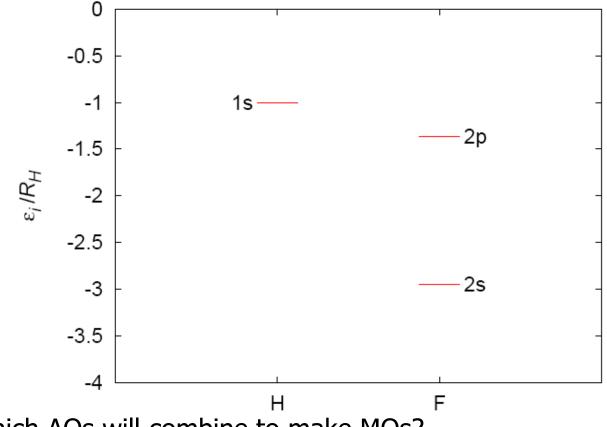




Molecular Orbitals of Heteronuclear Diatomics

- The molecular orbitals of heteronuclear diatomics (HF, CO, CN⁻, etc.) can be predicted using the same principles that we used to construct the molecular orbitals of homonuclear diatomics:
 - Ignore the core electrons
 - Total number of MOs = Total number of AOs
 - Only AOs of **similar energy** combine to make LCAO-MOs
 - Only AOs of **compatible symmetry** combine to make LCAO-MOs:
 - σ -type AOs (s and p_z orbitals) make σ MOs
 - π -type AOs (p_x and p_y orbitals) make π MOs

• Consider the valence atomic orbitals of hydrogen and fluorine:



- Which AOs will combine to make MOs?
- Which AOs will not mix (and therefore still look like an AO)?

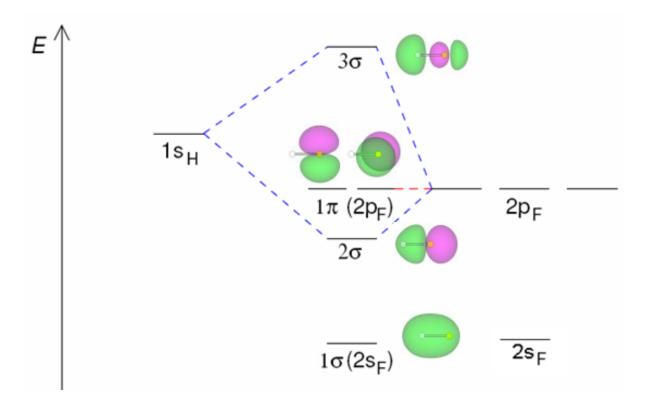
 Using symmetry and energy as our guide, we predict that we will make LCAO-MOs that look something like:

• There can be no π bonding in HF. Why not?

• There will still be orbitals with π symmetry in HF. Which ones?

 Putting all that information together, we can sketch a molecular orbital energy level diagram for HF:

• Or use software like HyperChem to do it for us:



- Write the valence orbital occupancy for HF.
- Draw a Lewis structure for HF, and compare the bond order obtained by the Lewis method to the bond order obtained by MO.

How is the MO diagram on the previous page consistent with other features of your Lewis structure?

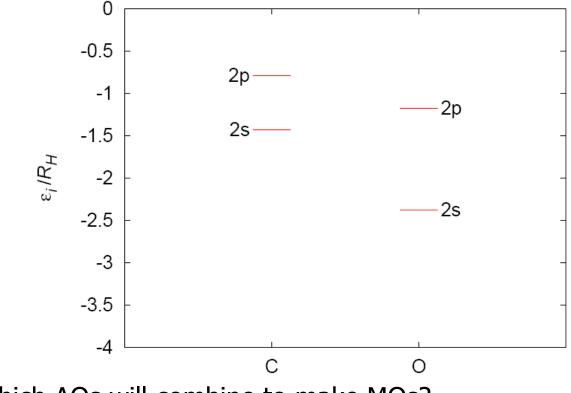
What is the <u>H</u>ighest <u>O</u>ccupied <u>M</u>olecular <u>O</u>rbital (HOMO) for HF?

 If HF donated electrons to another species, they would come from the HOMO; however, HF is admittedly not a very good Lewis base (electron pair donor). What does our MO diagram tell us about how HF would donate electrons if it encountered a strong enough Lewis acid?

What is the <u>Lowest</u> <u>Unoccupied</u> <u>Molecular</u> <u>O</u>rbital (LUMO) for HF?

 If HF accepted electrons from another species, they would go into the LUMO. HF may not be a good base, but it is a good acid. What happens when a base donates an electron pair to HF? Write a reaction equation (with curly arrows to show electron movement) and relate what you've drawn to the LUMO of HF.

• Consider the valence atomic orbitals of carbon and oxygen:



Which AOs will combine to make MOs?

- Using symmetry and energy as our guide, it is possible to predict what the MOs of CO look like.
- Use LCAO to predict the shapes and relative energies of the π MOs of CO:

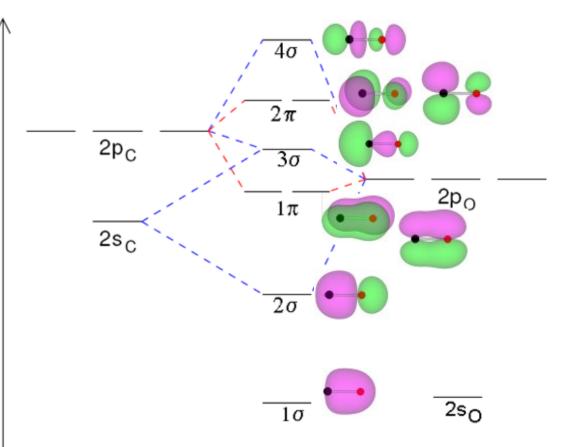
• Use LCAO to predict the shapes and relative energies of the σ MOs of CO:

 We rank these MOs from lowest to highest energy to the best of our ability; however, at this point, we are estimating for a few of the σ MOs.

E'

HyperChem shows us the exact energies and shapes of the MOs:

Can you identify each valence molecular orbital in CO as bonding , nonbonding or antibonding (with respect to the C-O bond)?



The MO diagram for CO has the orbitals in the same order as N_2 (verified experimentally). Why does this make sense? ¹⁴

• Write the valence orbital occupancy for CO.

 Draw a Lewis structure for CO, and compare the bond order obtained by the Lewis method to the bond order obtained by MO.

What is the <u>H</u>ighest <u>O</u>ccupied <u>M</u>olecular <u>O</u>rbital (HOMO) for CO?

 If CO donated electrons to another species, they would come from the HOMO. As we saw in CHEM 1000, CO is quite a good Lewis base. What happens when CO donates an electron pair to a Lewis acid (e.g. Fe³⁺) Write a reaction equation (with curly arrows to show electron movement) and relate what you've drawn to the HOMO of CO.

What is the <u>Lowest</u> <u>Unoccupied</u> <u>Molecular</u> <u>O</u>rbital (LUMO) for CO?

 If CO accepted electrons from another species, they would go into the LUMO. Looking at the LUMO, what would you expect to happen if a Lewis base donated an electron pair to CO? Write a reaction equation (with curly arrows to show electron movement) and relate what you've drawn to the LUMO of CO.